Pra	ctice Grade 4 Examination:
Name:	Grade:
Date:	

SECTION A: COMPREHENSION

Read the passage below and answer questions 1–14.





One day, two tiny grey mice were watching a huge, strong lion sleeping in the sun. "Run over his nose," said one. "See if he wakes up!"

So the silly little mouse ran over the lion's nose, and what happened?

Of course, the lion woke up and caught the mouse in his big paw. The huge lion was upset and was going to eat the small mouse.

"Oh, please don't eat me, lion," begged the frightened mouse.

"One day I will help you!" The lion laughed. "You? You are too small to help anyone, little mouse! You can't help me!"

He was not really hungry and so the lion let the mouse go. Soon after that, the lion was running in the grassland. Suddenly, he ran into a trap that the hunters had made to catch a buck. It was a large net and the lion was caught fast. He couldn't move, but he could roar. "Help! Help! Help!" he roared. "Save me from this trap."

A buck walked by. "I won't help you," said the buck.

"Last week you ate my brother." A rabbit hopped by. "I won't help you," said the rabbit. "Last week you ate my mother."

Then, the little grey mouse ran by. "You didn't eat me last week," she said. "I will help you." So the little grey mouse chewed at the net. She chewed and chewed and chewed. Late in the afternoon the hole in the net was big enough for the lion to climb out.

"Thank you, little friend. Now I know that even little animals can help big animals like me," said the lion.

1.	Circle the correct answer.		
	Which is the best title for this story?		
	A The Little Grey Buck B The Lion and the Wolf C The Mouse and the Rabbit D The Lion and the Mouse		
2.	Circle the correct answer.		
	Who is the main character in the story?		
	A hunter B rabbit C lion D buck		
3.	Circle the correct answer.		
	Where does the story take place?		
	A grassland B zoo C forest D kennel		
4.	. Circle the correct answer.		
	How did the lion escape from the trap?		
	 The lion set himself free by chewing the ropes. The lion set himself free by pulling and breaking the ropes. The lion untied the ropes and freed himself from the trap. The mouse chewed the ropes and set the lion free. 		
5.	Is the following statement TRUE or FALSE?		
	The lion needed help from the mouse.		
6.	Answer the following questions:		
	What did the little grey mouse do to wake the lion up?		

8.	Circle the correct answer.		
	What lesson did you learn from this story?		
	A B C D	Little animals cannot help big animals. Take care of all animals. Size is not always important. Small friends do not make good friends.	
9.	Circle t	he correct answer.	
	Which animal is not in the story?		
	A B C D	buck lion mouse elephant	
10.	10. Circle the correct answer.		
	How do	o you think the lion felt when he was trapped?	
	A B C D	lucky angry happy glad	
11.	11. Underline the correct answer in brackets.		
	There \	were (many/much) lions in the jungle.	
12.	12. Underline the correct answer in brackets.		
	The litt	le mouse (run/runs) over the lion's nose.	
13.	Circle t	he correct answer.	
	Find a word in the passage that has the same meaning as <u>little</u> .		
	A B C	strong huge large	

D

tiny

7. What happened to the mouse when the lion woke up? _____

14	Rewrite the following sentence in the past tense.
	The lion runs into a trap.
	Yesterday
SECTI	ION B: LANGUAGE STRUCTURE
1.	Punctuate the following sentence using a capital letter and a comma. Rewrite your answer in the space provided.
	lions are found in limpopo gauteng and mpumalanga.
2.	Circle the correct answer.
	"You too small to help me," said the lion.
	A is
	B am
	C be
	D are
3.	Circle the correct answer.
	The lion woke up and caught the mouse.
	"The lion" in the sentence is the
	A subject
	B object
	C adverb
	D verb
4.	Complete the following sentence by choosing the correct word in brackets.
	The male lion caught the mouse in (him/her/his) big paw.

5.	Circle the correct answer.		
	A huge lion was sleeping in the sun.		
	'Huge" is an example of		
	A an adjective B an object C a verb D a noun		
6.	Give the following noun in plural form: lion		
7.	Give the antonym (opposite meaning) of father		
8.	Rewrite the following sentence in the present tense.		
	The silly mouse ran over the lion's nose.		
9.	Underline the correct form of the verb in brackets.		
	The young lion (is/are) eating the rabbit.		